





World Bank Financed Climate Smart Irrigated Agriculture Project (CSIAP) Ministry of Mahaweli, Agriculture, Irrigation and Rural Development

SOCIAL SCREENING REPORT

MODERNIZATION AND DIGITALIZATION (CIVIL WORK) OF AITHIYAMALAI AGRARIAN SERVICE CENTER -

BATICALOA DISTRICT



Submission

Deputy Project Director Office of the CSIAP – Eastern Province 30 – January – 2020

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Abbreviation

ARAP Abbreviated Resettlement Action Policy ARPA Agriculture Research and Production

ASC Agrarian Service Centre

CBO Community Based Organization

CKD Chronic Kidney Disease

CSIAP Climate Smart Irrigated Agriculture Project
DAD Department of Agrarian Development

DSD Divisional Secretariat Divisions

FGD Focus Group Discussion FO Farmer Organization

GAP Good Agricultural Practices
GND GramaNiladhari Division
GOSL Government of Sri Lanka

GRC Grievance Redressal Committee

HAS Hot Spot Areas

ICT Information and Communication Technology

IEC Information and Education Campaign

KII Key Informant Interview

LKR Lanka Rupee

MOH Medical Officer of Health

PG Producer Group

PMU Project Management Unit

SA Social Audit

SIA Social Impact Assessment SITHAMU Sinhala Tamil and Muslim SMP Social Management Plan

SP Southern Province

SSR Social Screening Report

WB World Bank

WFO Women Farmer Organization WHH Woman Headed Household

1. Project Description

, <u> </u>					
Name of Sub project:	Aithiyamalai Agrarian Service Center Modernization and Digitalization (Civil Work) in Vavunatheevu DS Division in Batticaloa District.				
Geographical	Province: Eastern Province				
coverage and	District: Batticaloa District				
location of the					
Subproject	ASC: Aithiyamalai ASC				
Subproject	Located GND: Aithiyamalai North G.N Division				
	Location Map:				
	Location wap.				
	Agrarian Service Centre Ayaithiyamala				
	Centre Ayaitniyamaia				
	Aythiyamalai Police Station Hindu temple				
	Our Lady of Perpetual Help Church				
	Striggic all follows				
	Google				
	Coogle				
Nature of the sub project:	It is mainly a Rehabilitation works of Aithiyamalai Agrarian Service Center at Vavunatheevu Divisional Secretariat Division in Batticaloa District.				
Size/ scale/ Cost	Construction of Fertilizer Store – Rs. 5,208,290.14				
of the Sub Project	Construction of Bike parking - Rs. 294,661.35				
12 12 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 5 6 6 6	Construction pf Boundary wall – Rs. 2,012,480.00				
	Total Civil Cost -				
	Physical contingencies 5% -				
	Vat 15% -				
	Engineering & Administration 5% -				
	Lightening & Manufaction 5/0 -				
Project	Department of Agrarian Development, Batticaloa which is the				
implementing	implementing agency. DAD with its network of officials based in the				
agency:	ASCs directly involves in implementing the subproject. Similarly, the				
agency.	staffs of the CSIAP based in national to divisional level will also involve				
	in different stages of the implementation process appropriately. It is				
	in anieren suges of the implementation process appropriately. It is				

	expected that all the service providing agencies such as Department of Agriculture, Department of Irrigation, Forest Department, Department of wildlife, coconut development board etc. will also support to implement the subproject effectively. From the community side, FOs, agriculture committee associated with the ASCs, WFOs will also contribute to implement the project. Similarly, the farmers in general will support to implement the project by tolerating the difficulties that would be created during the construction period.
Specific objective	Major objective: efficient and effective ASC to function in the CSIA Project
and beneficiaries of the sub project:	area commencing from mid- 2010 as a productive one-stop service center contributing to achieve the project development objectives of CSIAP.
Sub Project Descriptions:	Proposed sub project of Aithiyamalai ASC include following activities, New intervention works: -
	1. Construction of fertilizer stores
	2. Construction of Bike parking
	3. Construction of Boundary wall No any repairing works proposed to the ASC.
	Two unity repairing works proposed to the rise.
	The sub project will be implemented during the period from January 2020 to October 2020.
Land Acquisition	The proposed subprojectdoes not involve land acquisition.
Subproject Justification and Alternative Analysis	✓ Reasons for the modernize of the existing ASC (civil work) is majority of the respondent and the persons interviewed responded that the space available within the existing building was not adequate at all to provide a better service for the increased demand of the farmers.
	✓ Officer space for running various units of the service providers of the government sector is not adequate.
	✓ The fertilizer store is in a very small place, which is a place visited by large number of farmers daily. Storage facilities for fertilizers also limited.
	✓ In many of the centres, there is no proper and spacious place with necessary equipment to conduct awareness programmes for the farmers. Sanitary and waiting room facilities for both the staff and the farmers are not in a satisfactory situation. Furniture available is also not adequate.

- ✓ One common toilet is available in outside of building but that is not in good condition. And one washroom with toilet constructed inside of ASC building, but that is using by officers.
- ✓ Proper sanitary facilities needed for farmers. If repair washroom and toilet will helpful for farmers. Most of the peoples of this ASC division doing paddy cultivation.
- ✓ In front of the ASC, one side boundary wall available and also other three sides are covered with barbed wire so if we provide boundary wall that will help to protect from the surrounding places.
- ✓ Already sales centre building available in the ASC but the building use as canteen.
- ✓ Inside the ASC premises one bike parking also available but that space is not enough for park high number of bikes & vehicles.

General Profile of the Community

Under the Aithiyamalai ASC, there are 7 GND. The total number of households is 3116 and total number of women headed farm families are 429. The details are below:

Table No: 01 General Profile of the Community

S.N	Name of the GND	Number of GND	No of Village s	Total Number of Families	Total Number of Farm Families	Total number of Woman Headed families
01	Karaveddy	183	10	649	200	103
02	Mahilawaddawan	184	05	541	125	79
03	Unnichchai	184 A	07	379	295	49
04	Ayithiyamalai North	184 B	06	678	398	85
05	Ayithiyamalai South	184 C	05	308	125	46
06	Narippulthottam	184 D	02	308	83	35
07	Nediyamadu	184 E	08	253	175	32
Total		43	3,116	1,401	429	

Source - Divisional statistical Hand book, Manmunai West, 2018

Table No: 02 Woman Headed Details in the ASC

S/N	GN Division	Sub Total
1	Ayithiyamalai South	46
2	Mahilavaddavan	79

3	Karaveddy	103
4	Naripulthoddam	35
5	Nediyamadu	32
6	Unnichei	49
7	Ayithiyamalai North	85
	429	

Source – Resource profile, Manmunai West DS Division, 2018/2019

Table No: 03 Demographic Details

			Religion (Number of population)					Ethnicity (Number of families)		
S.N G.N Division		Buddhist	Hindus	Islam	R.C	Other Christians	Sinhaleas	Srilankan Tamil	Srilankan	
01	Karaveddy	0	2,045	0	21	0	0	649	0	
02	Mahilawaddawan	0	1,812	0	52	0	0	541	0	
03	Unnichchai	0	1,232	0	0	28	0	379	0	
04	Ayithiyamalai North	0	2,313	0	02	0	0	678	0	
05	Ayithiyamalai South	0	1,098	0	45	0	0	308	0	
06	Narippulthottam	0	1,116	0	0	27	0	324	0	
07	Nediyamadu	0	849	0	10	13	0	253	0	
Total		0	10,465	0	130	68	0	3132	0	

Source - Resource profile, Manmunai West DS Division, 2018/2019

Primary livelihood of the community

Table No: 04 Primary livelihood of the community

Category	Nos.
Farmers	1106
Others	1074
Govt.Servant(Except teachers)	64
Semi- Govt	05
NGO	39
Private	121
Fisherman	719
Self	442

Source – Resource profile, Manmunai West DS Division, 2018/2019

Nature of the land	Land of the existing ASC owned by the DAD. ASC located with adequate							
ownership for the	and processes underutilized lands for the proposed construction.							
subproject	The	Therefore, the proposed civil work will not have any risks from having to						
	obta	obtain additional land. Therefore, the subproject activities can be						
	imp	implemented without causing any displacement or impact to people						
	livii	ng adjacent to the ASC. Is	sues in r	esettleme	nt will no	ot arise.		
Land ownership pattern of people	Tab	le No: 05 Land Ownersh	ip – Pad	dy Land	(Number	of Famili	es)	
in the area (Ex: squatters,	s.	GN Division	1 to 2	2 to 5	5 to	Over	Land	
titleholders,	N		AC	AC	10AC	10AC	less	
tenants)?	01	Karavedy	82	74	05	-	_	
,	02	Mahilaveduwan	13	25	2	-	-	
	03	Unichchai	57	38	08	04	195	
	04	Aiyathiyamalai North	95	45	28	16	-	
	05	Aiyathiyamalai South	13	25	01	-	-	
	06	Naripulthotam	115	120	40	05	14	
	07	Nediyamadu	58	07	03	-	0	
	Sou	rce - Resource profile, M	anmuna	i West DS	Division	, 2018/201	.9	
	1.M	ajor land extent - 8219 A	cre, 3 Ro	ots, 22.79	Perches			
	2. N	finor land extent - 150 A	cre, 2 Ro	ots, 00 Pei	ches			
	3. R	ainfed land extent - 1466	Acre, 0	Roots, 30.	99 Perche	es		
Gender Issues		owing gender issues a ithiyamalai ASC:	re conce	erning in	the imp	pact area	of the	
	✓ In the ASC Division men and women farmers are actively participated in every farming activities and women farmers actively involved in land preparation, seeding, planting, weeding harvesting, preparation for marketing and also contribute to livestock management.							
	✓ In this ASC Division 14 Farmer organizations and 20 Women Farmer Organizations are actively participated in each GN Divisions.							
	✓ In Farmer Organizations males are dominated in decision making process and less opportunity for female participants and low-level female representation in rural level farmer organizations.							
		✓ WFO also actively participated in paddy farming activities and they do not have much opportunity to benefit from extension services.						

	✓ Women headed families are mostly involved in Home Garden activities and their fields are damaged by monkeys and elephants and they also loss their family income and faced much difficulties such as poverty, malnutrition, mental stress etc.
	 ✓ Most of the Female headed households are living in rural areas and restricted for gathering the knowledge in technical business skills and access to markets. ✓ Male Farmers are working continuously in farming process and women acts as caregivers and laborers prevent them from accessing technical trainings, workshops and extension services.
	✓ In the farming activity, allocated payment of wages for female labour is much less than the male labour. However female labours are hired as unskilled labours for agricultural activities without proper allocated wages.
	✓ Female farmers do not have land ownership which restrict to access the water facilities and fertilizer subsidies.
Social Capital – community-based organizations	The following community-based organizations identified in Aithiyamalai ASC division. - Farmer Organization (FO): 14 - Woman Farmer organization (WFO): 20 - Rural Development society (RDS): 17 Source - Agrarian Service Center, Aithiyamalai
On-going Development Projects	There are no development projects being implemented in the project area.
Frequenting Visitors	"Unnichai tank" popular in here so outside local peoples coming here for tourism purpose. Outside paddy farmers doing paddy cultivation in this ASC range. Whole sale fish market available in here so outside peoples comes for fish business. Farmers (Men and Women) visit to ASC for getting fertilizer and subsidies.
Social Impacts Positive Impacts	This subproject will benefit the local population of the area, especially for farming communities.
	• The proposed activities mostly benefited to farmers. Sanitation facilities lead to ensure hygienic condition of peoples who lives in the ASC division it will also ensure to get pure drinking water to peoples.

ASC will also serve as a place for ASC staff and community to interact, to share knowledge and create awareness about project. Therefore, the ASC will enhance community participation and relationships between ASC staff and farmers. Once the project is complete, benefits will start to flow almost immediately with the onset of rain and the long term through enhanced resilience. The two communities interacting with each other, government officers and contractors in the process of jointly conducting social auditing, participating in irrigation water management, training and extension, business development and marketing will reap benefits in the form of valuing working together despite differences along with increased knowledge and awareness. Overall, the completed project will bring about poverty deduction, inclusive development and shared prosperity. CSIAP staffs and community people share their knowledge and make awareness of this project through this Community participation also enhanced. Staff of ASC division and farmer's relationship will enhance. The sub project includes construction of fertilizer store, which will help to increase capacity of store of fertilizer. That will lead to increase to accessibility to farmers for paddy cultivation. The sub project will provide high-quality advisory services for farmers and agribusinesses in Aithiyamalai. CBO's involve in Social that will lead to encourage project activities and identify any issues. During office hours noise and dust come from the construction work that will disturb to officers and farmers. Materials storage and

Negative Impacts

- During office hours noise and dust come from the construction work that will disturb to officers and farmers. Materials storage and machinery parking somewhere near the site will also cause some disturbances to the community.
- A labour camp may be established and there could be impacts from labour influx-however, will be very minimum considering that only

	1. (1 1 (1 1 / 1 5)
	limited number of labourers (approximately 5) may come from outside.
	• When constructions are carried around schools, maximum precautions are required to ensure the safety of children. Due to curiosity children may try to enter into the worksites and look through the manholes or meddle with the equipment etc.
Mitigation Measures	• The social issues in any infrastructure developments project are common and cannot be avoided. Also, it is important to note that the majority of social issues are emerged and aggravated due to absence of realistic methods of constructions and systematic approach.
	• For an example, contractor will be required to do water sprinkling to minimize impacts from dust and carry out noise generating work during day time while ensuring noise generating work during day time while ensuring noise pollution is kept to the minimum. Public access to the site to be prohibited or controlled via adequate fencing and signage in order to avoid risk to the public.
	• There should be special arrangements at worksites closer to schools at the time of starting and closing of schools.
	• All contractors will be required to develop and implement written labour management procedures, including procedures to establish and maintain a safe working environment.
	• Adequate care and measures will be taken to avoid any violation of use of labour, accidents, or disputes with local communities due to use of non-local labour force used for constructions, risks associated with influx of non-local workers.
	• The contractors would be encouraged to use as much as possible locally hired labour.
	• Since the civil construction works will be carried out using proper construction practices and there will be no adverse impacts on the properties, residential and other structures of the community located at a distance from the site. However, there will be some temporary impacts due to the project implementation in respect of which mitigation measures are proposed.
	• The contractor will also be required to employ an environmental and social officer to address any issues that may crop up during project implementation. All contractors will be required to develop and

implement a code of conduct for labourers, including procedures to establish and maintain a safe working environment. The staff and workers will be given an orientation on appropriate behaviours to ensure no disturbance to the community life and officers of the ASC.

- Through the relevant officials the FOs will request the contractor for employing local labour to the maximum extent possible and hire village vehicles for material transport. Any individual requests for service by the contractor will be conveyed to the authorities and will be attended to without compromising the project activities and social and environmental concerns.
- The mitigation measures including the appointment of an environmental and social officer, will be included in the specifications for the main contract, and monitored by the project management to ensure compliance.
- Grievance redress mechanism and Social Audit Committees will be established to ensure project benefits sharing, community needs in development planning and community engagement in implementation.

2. Social Screening Checklist				
Screening/ assessment questions Project type	Yes	No	Low/ mediu m/maj or impact s	Description/ Details
Background				
1. Will the subproject/ intervention include new physical construction work? (Attach a copy of technical design) and what is extent of the works – small, medium, large?	√ 		Low	Construction of Fertilizer store. Construction of bike parking. Construction of Boundary wall. These are medium scale construction
2. Does the subproject/ intervention include upgrading or rehabilitation of existing physical facilities? (Attach a copy of technical design) and what is extent of the works – small, medium, large?		√		
Project site and land acquisition and Livelihoo	d Rela	ted Impa	cts	
3. Is the site chosen for this work free from encumbrances (Ex: squatters, crops, trees, houses, other structures walls etc)	,			One small Neem tree (<i>Azadirachta indica</i>) identified (2.5m height) in ASC boundaries site. If we go for construction of Boundary wall want to cut off the tree. According EMF that will solved.
4.Is the site chosen for this work in possession of the implementing agency?	√			Department of Agrarian Development, Batticaloa which is the implementing agency.
5. If the land is owned by other government agencies, has action been taken to transfer these lands to CSIAP managing entity? (Attach evidence of transfer)		$\sqrt{}$		The identified land belongs to Agrarian Department - Batticaloa.

6. Does the sub project intervention require acquisition of private land?		√	
7. If the land parcel has to be acquired, is the actual plot size and ownership status known? (Mention the details)			Not Applicable
8. If the site is privately owned, can this land be purchased through negotiated settlement?			Not Applicable
9. If any land required for the work is privately owned, are these land owners willing to voluntarily donate the required land for the CSIAP rehabilitation / development? (if yes attach the concern letter)			Not Applicable
10. Will the affected land/ structure owners likely to lose less than 10% of their land of structures area?			Not Applicable
11. If so, are these land or structure owners willing to voluntarily donate the required land for this sub project?			Not Applicable
12. If the land owners are willing to donate the land, do they lose more than 10% of their land / structure in this location due to of donation?			Not Applicable
13. Are there any previous land acquisition where the identified land has already been acquired?		√	
14. Is the land for material mobilization vehicular movement, transport for the civil work available within the identified worksite or right way?	V		Land for the material mobilization vehicular movement and transport for the civil work are available. Near the construction site, there are no sensitive areas observed. Therefore, lack of parking space will not be serious issue in the subproject area.

Project impacts		
15. Is the project/ intervention likely to cause any permanent damage to or loss of housing, other assets, resources use?	√	
16.If yes, are these damages likely to be full or partial (Ex: entire structure having to be demolished versus part of the structures being damaged?)		Not Applicable
17. Will there be loss of / damage to agricultural lands, standing crops, trees due to acquisition of lands, construction of facilities etc?	√	
18. Will there be any permanent or temporary loss of income and livelihoods because of the civil works? If so for what period? Also, please specify whether it is likely to be temporary or permanent.	√ 	
19. Have these people/ businesses who may suffer temporary or permanent loss of incomes or livelihoods been surveyed and identified for payment of any financial assistance?		Not Applicable
20. Will there be any adverse impacts (inconvenience/ restriction of access, damage to properties) on the people/ communities due to construction related transport/ other activities etc?	√	But during working hours there will be some disturbances to staff i.e. from noise and dust.
21. Will there be any impacts on cultural, community properties or facilities?	√	
22. Will the project cause any other temporary or permanent impacts? Pls describe	√ ·	
Livelihoods related impacts		
23. Is there any loss of crops, assets, business etc.	√	
24. Are there any non-titled people (squatters) who are living/ or doing business who may be partially or fully affected because of the civil works?	√	
	1 1	<u>I</u>

25. Have measures been planned to mitigate temporary impacts including ease of access? Give details?	V		Temporary impacts will be addressed/mitigated according to the SIMP.
Resettlement impacts			
26. Does this project involve resettlement of any person? if yes, give details		√ 	
27. Is there any physical displacement of persons due to project construction?		√	
28. Does this project cause any temporary relocation of people during construction?		V	
29. Is there any economic displacement (possibility to move out, close of business/commercial/ livelihood activities of persons) during construction?		V	
30. Will people permanently or temporarily lose access to facilities, services, or natural resources? e.g firewood collection and other rural livelihood sources linked to forests and government land		V	
31. Are there any vulnerable people/ groups (poorest/ women headed households/ elderly families, single parents, families with disable persons) living in the proposed locations or affected / benefitted by the project intervention? (give the number)	~		Vulnerable people/groups will not be negatively affected due to the civil works. They will be benefited directly or indirectly. The details are below: 539 families identified as woman headed families in the ASC. 52 widows due to war affected, 382 widows identified due to natural causes.

		Source: Resource profile, Manmunai West DS Division, 2018/2019.
	V	
$\sqrt{}$		
$\sqrt{}$		
V		Approximately 9 skilled workers and 23 unskilled workers are needed for 3-4 months.
1		Skill workers – Male - 123, female – 68 Unskilled workers – Male – 2530, Female – 1413.
V		Workforce is available at the local community and contractor will bring his workforce if needed.
√		
	√	They will find a house for rent.
	V	Hence, majority of the incoming workers would be from similar socio- economic, cultural,

with the local community could create adverse impacts? 41. Will the incoming workers use or create			religious or demographic background. Around 10,775 peoples mother tongue is Tamil.
competition for these resources?		$\sqrt{}$	
42.What is the expected duration of the incoming workers' presence in the community? Or frequency and extent of contact between the local community and outsiders?			Approximately 3-4 months.
43. Will the incoming workers be from a similar socio economic, cultural, religious or demographic background?	√		Most Probably similar.
44. Given the characteristics of the local community, are there any adverse impacts that may be anticipated?		√ 	The local community is Tamil speaking and majority of them are Hindus. So same language speaker will be preferable for minimized unwanted social issues.
45.Is the project located in a rural or remote area?	√ 		The identified project site is located in a rural area.
46. Is the project located / being carried out in an area that is not usually frequented by outsiders?	√ ·		Aithiyamalai is a tourist place. "Unnichai tank" popular in here so outside local peoples coming here for tourism purpose. Outside local peoples coming here for tourism purpose. Outside local peoples coming here for tourism purpose. Outside paddy farmers doing paddy cultivation in this ASC range.

			Whole sale fish market available in here so outside peoples comes for fish business. Farmers (Men & Women) visit to ASC for getting fertilizer and subsidies.
47.Are there sensitive social conditions that need to be considered?		V	
Community participation			
48. Has the project received community consent and support?	$\sqrt{}$		Two discussions conducted with ADO and DO and GN.
49. Are there any CBOs or other that exist in the selected locations?	V		WFO - 20, RDS - 23, WRDS - 12, FO - 21, Fisheries society - 05
50. Will the project mobilize these CBOs for GRM/ Social Audit/ etc activities?	√		Grievance Redressal Committee will be established to address/resolve issues.
51. If CBOs are involved, do these organizations have prior experiences in GRM/ Social Audit/ etc practices?		$\sqrt{}$	The project has to be trained the people.
52. Do the CBOs identified for the CSIAP activities transparent and accountable and free from any form of corruption/ abuse?	V		
53. Will the project expect any counterpart contribution from the beneficiary households? (if yes, what is the expected contribution)	V		Community can support with Shramadana activities, 5 persons from each FO can contribute two hours per day siramadana activities. (e.g. unskilled voluntary work).

Gender Based Violence			
54. Is the subproject in an area of the district with a humanitarian or emergency situation?		√	Rehabilitation works of ASC Aithiyamalai.
55. Undertaken consultations with women's groups?	√		In the ASC Division arranged community consultant meeting, men and women farmers were participated in meeting and no arranged separate meeting with women farmers. Discussions conducted with ASC staffs and women Development officer in DS Division.
56. Issues related to GBV and GBV-related concerns about the project have arisen in the community engagement discussions?		V	Gender based issues not identified during the community consultant meeting and discussion.
57.Are military or paid security forces being contracted as part of the project? (Having military or paid security forces contracted as part of a project can increase the risk of GBV.)		V	Contract with registered Contractors.
58. Is the project district in lowest poverty quartile of country? (Regions in the lowest poverty quartile of a country may be underserved and the most vulnerable to neglect)	√		National Poverty line value of Sri Lanka Rs. 4,897.00 expenditure for person per month in Batticalo District Rs.4989.00 (Department of census & Staistics - Sri lanka October, 2019) - 2422 families income come under below Rs. 10,000.00.

			- 450 families income come under above Rs.10, 000.00 (Income details annexed) (Resource Profile, 2018 Divisional Secretariat, Manmun ai west).
59. Is the subproject in hard-to-supervise areas? (Lower risk is easily accessed project areas. Higher risk is hard-to-supervise areas)		√	Risk free area and easily accessible area.
60. Is the subproject construction near school route or other pedestrian access that women and girls use for their daily activities?			Aiyithiyamalai ASC come to under the Manmunai West Predeshiya Sabah, vavunativu and around 150 family members and public are used this route continuously. Schools - 02 Religious Places - 03 Government offices - 04 Markets - 01 Shops - 01 Not identified sensitive place of this ASC area.
61.Will the subproject be able to monitor implementation across the full span (both in terms of geographic spread and duration) of the work?	V		
62.Will female workers be in close proximity to male workers with limited supervision?	V		In the ASC modernization civil work male and female farmers would like to involve

	in "Shramadana"
	work and no any
	issues in working
	together with male
	workers under the
	limited supervision.
	WFO and WRDS
	members also can
	contribute one day
	for "Shramadana
	"work.

3. Estimate of Specific Impacts and Information on Affected Persons

Estimates of specific impacts	Number/ Amount/ Ha
- Private land required (Sq. m)	0
- Total number of households affected	0
- Number of individuals losing more than 10% of land area	0
- Government land required	yes
- Number of shops affected	0
- Number of utilities affected	0
- Number of workers to be brought from outsides	Not Known

4. Decision on Categorization

Decision on Categorization, after reviewing the answers above, it is determined that the				
sub project will have:				
High/ substantial impacts				
Moderate impacts				
Low/ no impacts	V			

5. Impact Categorization

Conclusion and Screening Decision (to be filled by the PMU)

Social impacts of the proposed sub project

• No Impacts: there is no land acquisition because these are permit lands and no loss of livelihoods if the works are completed during the dry/off season , Social Screening

Report (SSR), Social Impact Management Plan (SIMP) [required if civil works involved]...\(\sqrt{\cdots} \).....

- Minor Impacts: Less than 200 individuals affected; no physical displacement; & affected persons lose less than 10% of their productive assets, SSR, Abbreviated Resettlement Action Policy (ARAP), SIMP......Temporary impacts only. SSR with SMP submitted......
- Significant Impacts: More than 200 individuals affected; cause physical displacement; affected persons lose more than 10% of productive assets, SSR, SIA, census survey, RAP with R&R assistance & income restoration measures.......

6. Submission of the Social Screening Report

Submission By:

T. Sekaran

Social Safeguard Officer

DPD Office - Eastern Province

Date:30.01.2020

Email: thsekaran@gmail.com

Contact No: 077-5228125

K. 80

S.Kayalvili

Gender Development Officer DPD Office - Eastern Province

Date:30.01.2020

Email: tdkkayal@gmail.com Contact No: 077-4149390 Report Reviewed and Recommended By:

Ms. Sharmila Shanmuganathan

Social Safeguard and Gender Development Officer

Project Management Unit (PMU)

Climate Smart Irrigated Agriculture Project

(CSIAP)

Date: 30 - 01 - 2020

Email: sociologistsharmila@gmail.com

Contact No: 077-2437310

Ms. Sharmila Shanmuganathan
Social Safeguard & Gender Development Officer
Project Management Unit
Climate Smart Irrigated Agriculture Project
Ministry of Agriculture

This SSR cleared by Mr. Shanek Fernando, Social Development Specialist – The World Bank.

Approved By:

Eng. N. Sivalingam
Project Director
Climate Smart Irrigated Agriculture Project
Ministry of Agriculture.

Eng. N. Sivalingam

Project Director

Climate Smart Irrigated Agriculture Project (CSIAP)

7. Social Management Plan for Aiththiyamalai ASC Modernization and Digitalization (Civil Work)

Socia	Social Impact Mitigation Plan for the ASC modernization and Digitalization (Civil Work) Subproject				
Issues/ Impacts and risks	Mitigation Measures	Institutional R Implementatio n	Supervision / Monitoring	Mitigation Cost	
General (for all types of risks, issues and disturbances)	 A GRM will be established to receive and resolve complaints/grievances related to disturbances caused by construction including GBV related issues. Awareness will be created on the GRM among community and ACS staff and will publicly display the contact details to report grievances. Awareness will be created among community on risks/issues including GBV issues due to labour influx arising from construction activities and safety/mitigation measures that will be in place. 	Social/Enviro nment safeguard officer – ACS/CSIAP	PMU	Included in sub project's safeguards budget.	
Disturbances due to heavy machinery movement & temporary use of land for material storage and parking.	 An officer will be appointed to implement & monitor social/environment safeguards mitigations measures during construction. Community and ACS staff will be informed of construction activities/schedule, and mitigation measures that will be in place. 	Contractor	Social/Envir onment safeguard officer – ACS/CSIAP	Included in construction cost.	

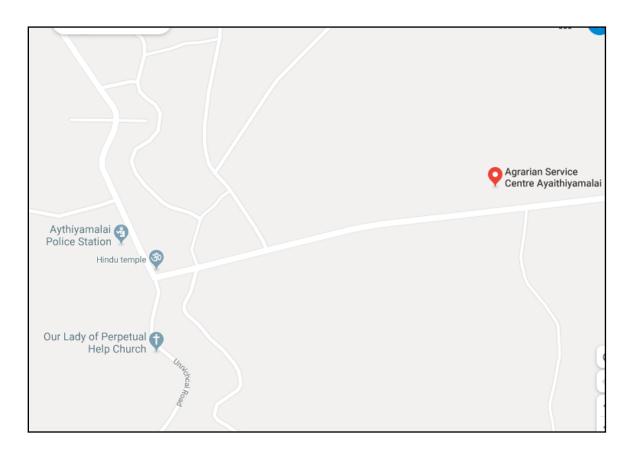
	Consultation with ACS staff and community will be conducted to identify land for material storage, camp setup, equipment parking and routes to transport material that cause minimum disturbances to community & ACS activities. If there are damages caused to local roads and other utilities during construction, contractor shall attend to the repairs/rectification of the damages.			
Construction related disturbances from noise & dust etc.	 Dust barriers will be installed surrounding the construction. Water sprinkling will be done to minimize impacts from dust. Dust masks to be provided to all laborers for the use at required times. The construction will be carried out in a manner to minimize noise pollution. The construction works with heavy sound should will be timed to avoid office working time period. 	Contractor	Social/Envir onment safeguard officer – ACS/CSIAP	Included in construction cost.
Labour Influx related issues (e.g. GBV)	 Local labour will be hired where possible – Contractor will give priority to women when hiring. Worker Code of Conduct will be included as part of the employment contract - this should define workers' commitment in attitudes and behaviour to preventing, combating and responding GBV. 	Contractor	Social/Envir onment safeguard officer – ACS/CSIAP	Included in construction cost.

	Contractors will implement robust measures to prevent sexual harassment/GBV including training of workforce and sanctions for non-compliance (e.g. termination).			
Public/ occupational safety Hazards, and on impacts on environment.	 Public access to the site will be prohibited or controlled via adequate fencing and signage in order to avoid risk to the public. Contractors shall take precautions to minimize mosquito breeding, where the pit fills with water. Environment Management Plan will provide more details regards measures to prevent/mitigate impacts to the environment including pollution, deforestation, soil erosion and management of solid waste. 	Contractor	Social/Envir onment safeguard officer – ACS/CSIAP	Included in construction cost.

8. Activity Plan for Aiththiyamalai ASC Modernization and Digitalization (Civil Work)

S N	Activities	I	No	ct, v& ec	Ja	ın-	Fe	b	lar pr		lay ıne		ug		ep-	
1	Conducting IEC Campaign/ Awareness Program															
2	Preparation of the subproject proposal for ASC modernization and Digitalization (Civil Work)															
3	Preparation of technical designs and estimate															
4	Data Collection for Screening															
5	Prepare the Screening Check list															
6	Prepare the SSR															
7	Submission to PMU															
8	Review and recommend the SSR to forward to the WB															
9	Receive the clearance from the WB															
10	Tender calling procedure															
11	Civil work commence															
12	Supervision and Monitoring															
13	Training and skills development, formation of groups under CSIAP															
14	Completion of construction works															
15	Handover civil work															

Annex: 01 A. Location map (Division map - Aiyithiyamalai ASC)



Annex: 01 B. Aithiyamalai Agrarian Service Center Plan Ne. 14 Nagaiah Ressl., Pillayarady "Hatticaloa Addy tald TP 065-2225172, 077-5384820 J.Niranjan WF - Wire Ferice p. Permanera Ty - Temporary BW- Boundary Wall Lot - 1 Duch State From Karadiyan Arti Road (R.D.D.) Scale :- 1:1000 PLAN OF AN ALLOTMENTS OF LAND is called "A.P.C.Land" bearing Assesment No,s: G.N.Divn - Ayittiyamalai North -184 B , Within the Predeshiya Sabha limits of Manmunai West Situated in Ayittiyamalai Road , Ayittiyamalai Village in Manmunai West Divisional Seceretariat area in Batticaloa District in the Eastern Province of the Democratic Socialist Republic of Sri Lanka **BOUNDED AS FOLLOWS** North by Paddy Field - J. Niranjan East by : Path Southby : Path & State Land : Access West Boundaries Pointed out by - M.A.Rasheed, Agrarian Development Officer, Ayittiyamalai T.Jeyakumar, Management Assistant, Agrarian Development Dept, Ayittiyamalai Containing in Extent A R. P Hectares Lot 3 0 21.30 0.3574 GURER (USLING 1519) L. S. C. Reg. No. 15815112

Registered Listened Steveyor

Annex: 02 Public/ Community Consultation and Disclosure

Public / Community consultation conducted Location/ Venue	Consultation method	Date	Number of participants (Male, Female)	Details/Issues raised
Aithiyamalai Agrarian Service Center	Focus group Discussion	09/12/2019	M- 05 F -06	-
Aithiyamalai Preschool Building	Focus group discussion abut		M -08 F- 11	

Annex: 04 Pictures during the meetings, discussions and field visits Focus Group discussion



Fertilizer Store - Inadequate space for store fertilizer





Existing Sales Center

Exisiting Bike Parke





Annex: 06 Further Statistical Datas about Aithiyamalai ASC Division

Table 01: Population Details

S.N O	Name of the GND	Numb er of GND	No of Villa ges	Total populat ion	Male	Female	Total Numbe r of Familie s	Total Number of Farm Families	Total number of Woman Headed families
01	Karaveddy	183	10	2,066	1,013	1,053	649	200	103
02	Mahilawaddawan	184	05	1,864	929	935	541	125	79
03	Unnichchai	184 A	07	1,260	634	626	379	295	49
04	Ayithiyamalai North	184 B	06	2,315	1,144	1,171	678	398	85
05	Ayithiyamalai South	184 C	05	1,143	556	587	308	125	46
06	Narippulthottam	184 D	02	1,144	588	587	308	83	35
07	Nediyamadu	184 E	08	872	430	442	253	175	32
	Total	•	43	10,664	5,294	5,401	3,116	1,401	539

Source: Resource Profile, 2018 Divisional Secretariat, Manmunai west

Table 02: Religious and Ethnicity Details

		Re	eligion (Total	Ethnicity (Number of families)				
S. N	G.N Division	Buddhist	Hindus	Islam	R.C	Other Christians	Sinhalease	Srilankan Tamil	Srilankan Moors
01	Karaveddy		2045	-	-	-	-	649	-
02	Mahilawaddawan		1812	-	-	-	-	541	-
03	Unnichchai		1232	-	-	-	-	379	-
04	Ayithiyamalai North		2313	-	-	-	-	678	-
05	Ayithiyamalai South		1098	-	-	-		308	-
06	Narippulthoddam		1116	-	-	-	-	324	-

07 Nediyamadu	849	- -	-	-	253	-
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Source: Resource Profile, 2018 Divisional Secretariat, Manmunai west

Table 03: Income Level in GN Division -Aiyithiyamalai ASC Division

S.NO	GN.Division		Income Level in Rs. (per month per family)						
		Less than Rs.5,000	Rs.5,001.00 - 10,000.00	Rs.10,001.00 - 15,000.00	Rs.15,001.00 - 25,000.00	Above Rs.25,001.00			
01	Karavedy	410	137	33	21	17			
02	Mahilaveduwan	196	214	94	20	16			
03	Unichchai	65	60	125	32	20			
04	Aiyithiyamalai North	560	50	-	20	-			
05	Aiyithiyamalai South	102	137	20	02	01			
06	Naripulthotam	275	21	10	03	01			
07	Nediyamadu	147	48	13	02	-			
Total		1755	667	295	100	55			

Source: Resource Profile, 2018 Divisional Secretariat, Manmunai west

Table 04:Skilled and Unskilled Labour Population by GN.Division - 2018

S.	CM D' ' '	Skilled L	abours	Un-Skilled Labours			
No	GN Division	Male	Female	Male	Female		
01	Karacedy	32	21	518	132		
02	Mahilaveduwan	30	-	447	29		
03	Unnichchai	23	16	284	64		
04	Aiyithiyamalai North	20	26	1046	1129		
05	Aiyithoyamalai South	08	-	123	30		
06	Naripulthotam	01	03	112	29		
07	Nediyamadu	09	02	-	-		
	Total	123	68	2530	1413		

Source: Resource Profile, 2018 Divisional Secretariat, Manmunai west

Table 05: Widows Details in GN Division

S.N	GN Division	Total Number of widows
01	Karavedy	103
02	Mahilaveduwan	81
03	Unichchai	49
04	Aiyathiyamalai North	88
05	Aiyathiyamalai South	45
06	Naripulthotam	36

07	Nediyamadu	32
Total		434

Source: Resource Profile, 2018 Divisional Secretariat, Manmunai west

Table: 06 Details of Community Based Organization under the A.S.C

S.N	Type of the local organizations	Number & Name of the local organizations
01	WFO - 20	Nelloor WFO,
		Manipuram WFO,
		Senthamarai WFO,
		Vasantham WFO,
		Kannagi WFO,
		Neervili WFO,
		Mullamunai WFO,
		Barathi WFO,
		Velavan WFO,
		Katkuda WFO,
		Karaveddiyaru WFO,
		Uthayam WFO,
		Katputhanai WFO,
		Ayithiyamalai North WFO,
		Vaaikaladichenai WFO, Nelluchchenai WFO,
		Ayithiyamalai South WFO, Panankandadichchenai
		WFO,
		Unnichchai WFO,
		8 TH MilePostWFO, Nachchuwanvely WFO
02	Farm Organization -	Senkathir FO,
	14	Makilkathiron FO,
		Unnichchai FO,
		Ayithiyamalai FO,
		Manipuram FO,
		Aathawan FO, PanankandadichchenaiFO,
		Ponnankannichchenai FO,
		Palamurugan FO
		Kilakkodichchenai FO, Kathiravan FO,
		Olimadu Nediyamadu FO, Vinayagar FO,
		Marutham FO,
03	RDS - 17	Nediyamadu RDS
		Ayithiyamalai South

Ayithiyamalai South
Unnichchai
Unnichchai
Unnichchai
Unnichchai
Karaveddi
Nelluchchenai
Mullamunai
Narippulthoddam
Katkudah
Makilavaddawan
Nelloor
Manipuram
Katputhanai
AYithiyamalai North

Source : ASC, Aiyithiyamalai.

Table 07: Details of existing social infrastructures in the A.S.C

S.N	Name of Infrastructure		No of existing	Ownership
01	Schools		10	Government
02	Health centers		03	Government
03	Hospitals		02	Government
04		Hindu Temples	31	
05	Places of worships	Buddhist Temple	_	
06		Mosque	_	
07		Church	02	
08	Roads	Agriculture roads	28	
09	Koads	Public road	33	

Source : ASC, Aiyithiyamalai.

Table 08: Name of Villages in Aithiyamalai ASC Range

S/No	GN Division	Code No	Villages
1	Narippulthottam	184 D	1. Narippulthoddam
1	1 104 D	104 D	2. NachchuwanKovil Village
2	Mahilawaddawan		1. Kalkudah
			2. Kantharpuram
		184	3. Thillanthooddam
			4. Sinnaththooddam
			5. Mahilawaddawan

	76 11	<u> </u>	4 77 110 1
	Karaveddy		1. Vaddiyal
			2. Karaveddy
			3. Mudakkumadu
			4. Valaichchenai
3		183	5. Panankandadichchenai
		103	6. Vilamunai
			7. Nelluchchenai
			8. Koolavadichchenai
			9. Arasadichchenai
			10. Mullamunai
	Aithiyamalai South		1. Ayiththiyamalai South
			2. Vaikkaladichchenai
4		184 C	3. Kilakkodichchenai
4		104 C	4. Olimadu
			5. Ponnankannichchenai
	Aithiyamalai North	1. Manipuram	
			2. Pallachchenai
5		184 B	3. Nellur
3		104 D	4. Ayiththiyamalai North
			5. Katputhanai
			6. Mathurankandadichchenai Part
	Nediyamadu		1. Nediyamadu
		184 E	2. Koliyanaaru Part
			3. Thavanaimadu
6			4. Padukadu
			5. Kurakkanchenai
			6. Kalikkulam
		7. Olimadu part	
			8. Mathurankandadichchenai part
7	Unnichchai	1.Mavilaiyaaru	
			2.Rasathurai Nagar
		1044	3.Unnichchai
		184A	4.Kuravanthidal
			5.Karaveddiyaaru
			6.Kuthamba
			7 Mail Post

Source – Resource profile, Manmunai West DS Division, 2018/2019